BLUE PRINT FOR PERIODIC TEST 1 2017-2018

CLASS: IX SUB: MATHS

Sr No	CHAPTERS	VSA	SA1	SA2	LA	TOTAL
1	NUMBER SYSTEMS	1(1)	1(2)	1(3)	1(4)	4(10)
2	POLYNOMIALS	1(1)	1(2)	1(3)	1(4)	4(10)
3	COORDINATE GEOMETRY	1(1)	1(2)	1(3)	1(4)	4(10)
4	LINEAR EQUATIONS IN TWO VARIABLES			1(3)	1(4)	2(7)
5	INTRODUCTION TO EUCLID'S GEOMETRY	1(1)	1(2)			2(3)
TOTAL		4(4)	4(8)	4(12)	4(16)	16(40)

PATTERN OF QUESTION PAPER

MARK	NO OF QUESTIONS	TOTAL MARKS	
1	4	04	
2	4	08	
3	4	12	
4	4	16	
-	40		

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NDA PUNE-23 PERIODICAL TEST-1 SESSION : 2018-19 SET-II

CLASS : IX SUB: MATHS TIME : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs

Instructions:

All questions are compulsory. Section A contains 4 questions of 1 mark each, Section B contains 4 questions of 2 marks each, Section C contains 4 questions of 3 marks each, Section D contains 4 questions of 4 march each.

SECTION A

- 1)Simplify: $27^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 4^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- 2) Find the zeroes of the polynomial, p(x) = 3x + 7
- 3) Define line
- 4) The degree of the given polynomial is $x^5 + 1$ is _____

SECTION B

- 5) Express 7.88.... in $\frac{p}{q}$ form.
- 6) Factorise $(x + 4)^{2} 1$
- 7) If A ,B and C are three points on a line, and B lies between A and C , then prove that AB + BC = AC.



- 8) Where do these points lie on the Cartesian system ? (0,8) (1,-2) (6,0) (-4,5) SECTION C
- 9) Plot $\sqrt{5}$ on number line.
- 10) Rationalise the denominator : $\frac{5}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{2}}$
- 11) Find three solution of the equation 2x + y = 3
- 12) Divide $3x^2 + x + 1$ by x + 1 and find remainder by long division method.

SECTION D

- 13) Verify $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = \frac{1}{2}(x+y+z) [(x-y)^2 + (y-z)^2 + (z-x)^2]$
- 14) Plot the given points A (3,0), B (3,3) and C (0,3) on a graph and join them . Which figure you get?
- 15) Draw the graph of given equation 2x y = 4.
- 16) Write the equations in standard form and write a ,b and c

$$x - y = 7$$
 , $3x + 5 = -2y$