

**BLUE PRINT FOR PERIODIC TEST 1 2017-2018**

**CLASS : IX**

**SUB : MATHS**

| Sr No | CHAPTERS                             | VSA  | SA1  | SA2   | LA    | TOTAL  |
|-------|--------------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|--------|
| 1     | NUMBER SYSTEMS                       | 1(1) | 1(2) | 1(3)  | 1(4)  | 3(10)  |
| 2     | POLYNOMIALS                          | 1(1) | 1(2) | 1(3)  | 1(4)  | 3(10)  |
| 3     | COORDINATE<br>GEOMETRY               | 1(1) | 1(2) | 1(3)  | 1(4)  | 2(9)   |
| 4     | LINEAR EQUATIONS<br>IN TWO VARIABLES | --   | --   | 1(3)  | 1(4)  | 3(8)   |
| 5     | INTRODUCTION TO<br>EUCLID'S GEOMETRY | 1(1) | 1(2) | --    | --    | 2(3)   |
|       |                                      |      |      |       |       |        |
| TOTAL |                                      | 4(4) | 4(8) | 4(12) | 4(16) | 16(40) |

**PATTERN OF QUESTION PAPER**

| MARK  | NO OF QUESTIONS | TOTAL MARKS |
|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1     | 4               | 04          |
| 2     | 4               | 08          |
| 3     | 4               | 12          |
| 4     | 4               | 16          |
| TOTAL |                 | 40          |

**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NDA PUNE-23**  
**PERIODIC TEST-1 SESSION : 2018-19**

**CLASS : IX**

**SUB: MATHS**

**TIME :  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hrs**

Instructions :

All questions are compulsory. Section A contains 4 questions of 1 mark each, Section B contains 4 questions of 2 marks each, Section C contains 4 questions of 3 marks each, Section D contains 4 questions of 4 marks each. ( use only one graph paper for Q.15 and Q.16)

**SECTION A**

- 1) Find an irrational number between 1 and 2.
- 2) Define parallel lines.
- 3) The y – coordinate of a point is called as \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4) The degree of the given polynomial is  $x^5 + 1$  is \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION B**

- 5) Express 7.88.... in  $\frac{p}{q}$  form.
- 6) Factorise  $(2x + 4)^2 - 1$
- 7) If  $AC = BD$ , then prove that  $AB = CD$



- 8) Where do these points lie on the Cartesian system ? (0,8) (1,- 2) (6 ,0) (-4,5)

**SECTION C**

- 9) Locate  $\sqrt{3}$  on number line.
- 10) Factorise  $6x^2 + 17x + 5$
- 11) Find three solutions of the equation  $2x + y = 3$
- 12) Find the value of k if  $x+2$  and  $y=1$  is a solution of  $2x + 3y = k$ .

**SECTION D**

- 13) ) (i) Expand:  $(3a - 7b - c)^2$  (ii) Evaluate:  $998^3$
- 14) (i) Rationalise the denominator :  $\frac{5}{\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{2}}$  (ii) ) Simplify :  $9^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 4^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- 15) Plot the given points A (3 ,0) , B (3 ,3 ) and C (0,3) on a graph and join them . Which figure you get?
- 16) Draw the graph of the equation  $y = 2x - 4$

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